



Recognised Training Centres



RAF Sailing Association Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and Procedures

November 2019

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RAFSA – SAFEGUARDING AND CHILD PROTECTION POLICY AND PROCEDURES

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References:

- A. AP3145
- B. RYA Safeguarding and Child Protection Guidelines Jan 19

1. Introduction

1.1 This policy applies to all RAF Sailing Association (RAFSA) Training activity. It is RAFSA policy **not** to accept children on RAFSA courses unless accompanied by their legal guardian. The policy is designed to enable children and young people to enjoy the sports of sailing, in all their forms, in a safe environment.

1.2 **Definition of a child.** The Children Act 1989 defined any person under the age of 18 as a 'child'. In this document and in day to day communications the terms 'children' and 'young people' are both used, recognising that older teenagers may prefer not to be referred to as 'children' although they are still children in the eyes of the law.

1.3 **Safeguarding adults.** Many of the safeguarding principles in these guidelines also apply to 'vulnerable adults' or 'adults at risk' (Care Act 2014), but the categories of abuse and the statutory procedures to be followed in the case of a concern are different. If you are teaching or working specifically with adults who have learning disabilities, or who have difficulty communicating, or who rely on others to provide personal care, the RAFS policy on Safeguarding Vulnerable Adults applies.

1.4 **RYA requirements.** RYA Recognised Training Centres (RTCs) are required to have a formal safeguarding and child protection policy which is checked as part of their annual inspection.

PART 1 – POLICY

2. Policy Statements

RAFSA Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy Statement

2.1 As defined by the Children Act 1989, for the purposes of this policy anyone under the age of 18 should be considered as a child. In accordance with References A and B, the policy applies to all RAFSA members, contractors and volunteers.

2.2 RAFSA is committed to safeguarding, from physical, sexual or emotional harm, neglect or bullying, children taking part in its activities. We recognise that the safety, welfare and needs of the child are paramount and that all children, irrespective of age, disability, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual or gender identity or social status, have a right to protection from discrimination and abuse.

2.3 RAFSA takes all reasonable steps to ensure that, through appropriate procedures and training, children participating in activities organised by the RYA do so in a safe and enjoyable environment.

2.4 RAFSA is required by the RYA to adopt and implement policies to ensure adequate child protection at its RYA RTCs iaw References A and B.

2.5 RAFSA seeks to:

- Create a safe and welcoming environment, both on and off the water, where children can have fun and develop their skills and confidence.
- Run RYA-organised training and events to the highest possible safety standards.
- Treat all children with respect and celebrate their achievements.

2.6 RAFSA:

- Recognises that safeguarding children is the responsibility of everyone, not just those who work with children.
- Carefully selects all RAFSA volunteers in roles involving close contact with children and provides them with appropriate information or training.
- Responds swiftly and appropriately to all complaints and concerns about poor practice or suspected or actual child abuse.
- Regularly reviews safeguarding procedures and practices in the light of experience or to take account of legislative, social or technological changes.
- Communicates changes and shares good practice with training centres, clubs and class associations.

2.7 This policy will be reviewed by the RAFSA Board of Trustees at least every four years.

2.8 The RAFSA Safeguarding and Child Protection Coordinator (S&CPC) should be notified of all relevant concerns, allegations or complaints.

RAFSA - Safeguarding Policy and Procedures

Policy Statement

2.9 RAFSA is committed to safeguarding, from physical, sexual or emotional harm, neglect or bullying, children taking part in its activities. We recognise that the safety, welfare and needs of the child are paramount and that all children, irrespective of age, disability, race, religion or belief, sex, sexual or gender identity or social status, have a right to protection from discrimination and abuse.

2.10 For the purposes of this policy anyone under the age of 18 should be considered as a child. All members of the Club should be aware of the policy.

2.11 RAFSA is split into 4 Divisions: Offshore, Windsurfing, Dinghy and Safety. Of these 4 Divisions, Offshore and Windsurfing will only provide services to children where they are over the age of 16 and where the parent or guardian is present. The Dinghy Division will provide instruction to children and the Safety Division may routinely be expected to become involved with children.

2.12 Notwithstanding, this policy applies to all RAFSA divisions, who are to take appropriate measures to safeguard children that are directly or indirectly placed in their care. This policy applies both to formal and informal training and contact between RAFSA personnel and children. RAFSA Rear Commodores and Officers IC Sailing are to ensure that in the event of regular unsupervised contact between RAFSA members and children, those RAFSA members abide by this policy, irrespective of whether such contact is

through formal RAFSA courses, or locally arranged courses and events.

2.13 The RAFSA Hon Sec will act as the Point of Contact for Child Protection matters with external agencies.

RAFSA Safeguarding and Child Protection Coordinator

2.14 The RAFSA Safeguarding and Child Protection Coordinator (S&CPC) is:

Sqn Ldr Jorg Lobbedey,
work tel 01923 955421/ 9360 55421
mobile 07866425830,
email: jorg.lobbedey141@mod.gov.uk

Members and Volunteers

2.15 All RAFSA members and volunteers whose role brings them into regular contact with young people will be asked to provide references. The S&CPC and those regularly instructing, coaching or supervising young people will also be asked to apply for an Enhanced Criminal Records Disclosure, with Barred List check if appropriate (In Scotland, to apply for PVG Scheme Membership).

Good Practice

2.16 All members of the Club should follow the good practice guidelines at Annex D and agree to abide by the RAFSA Code of Conduct at Annex E and the RYA Racing Charter contained in the Racing Rules of Sailing. Those working or volunteering with young people should be aware of the guidance on recognising abuse (*see Enclosure 1*).

2.17 Adults are requested not to enter the showers and changing rooms at times when children are changing before or after junior/youth training or racing. If this is unavoidable it is advised that they are accompanied by another adult.

2.18 RAFSA will seek written consent from parents/carers before taking photos or video of a child at an event or training session or publishing such images. Parents and spectators should be prepared to identify themselves if requested and state their purpose for photography/filming. If the Club publishes images of children, no identifying information other than names will be included. Any concerns about inappropriate or intrusive photography or the inappropriate use of images should be reported to the Club Welfare Officer.

Concerns

2.19 Anyone who is concerned about a young member's or participant's welfare, either outside the sport or within the Association, should inform the S&CPC immediately, in strict confidence. RAFSA's S&CPC will follow the attached procedures (*see RYA Flowcharts 1 and 2*). Any member of the Club failing to comply with the Safeguarding policy or any relevant Codes of Conduct may be subject to disciplinary action.

PART 2 – PROCEDURES

3 Designated Person

3.1 Although everyone has a role to play in ensuring that children are safe, the Safeguarding and Child Protection Officer has specific responsibility for implementing RAFSA Safeguarding Adult Policy and is to work closely with the RYA RTC Principals who are the point of contact to receive information and advice from the RYA.

3.2 The Association's S&CPC is responsible for:

- Maintaining up-to-date policy and procedures, compatible with the RYA's.
- Ensuring that relevant staff and/or volunteers are aware of and follow the procedures, including implementing safe recruitment procedures.
- Advising the management committee on safeguarding and child protection issues.
- Maintaining contact details for local Children's Services and Police.

3.3 If there is a concern, the S&CPC would:

- Be the first point of contact for any concerns or allegations, from children or adults, ensuring that confidentiality is maintained in all cases.
- Decide on the appropriate action to be taken, in line with the organisation's procedures and in conjunction with the person in charge (Commodore, Principal etc).
- Keep the RYA informed as necessary (*see flowcharts in Section 6*).

RAFSA designated person:

The RAFSA Safeguarding and Child Protection Coordinator (S&CPC) is:

Sqn Ldr Jorg Lobbedey,
work tel 01923 955421/ 9360 55421
mobile 07866425830
email: jorg.lobbedey141@mod.gov.uk

4 Recruitment and Training

4.1 Sound recruitment practises and consideration of safeguarding RAFSA's risk assessment and operating procedures are essential in order to minimise the opportunity for an individual with poor intent towards children to gain access to the Association and abuse a position of trust.

4.2 All applications, whether for paid or voluntary work, should be subject to an appropriate level of scrutiny. The level of checking you carry out should be proportionate to the role and the level of risk involved and in line with relevant statutory requirements. The risk is higher if the person will be in regular contact with the same child or children, in sole charge of children with no parents or other adults present, and/or in a role involving authority and trust, such as an instructor or coach.

Disclosure checks Policy

4.3 Who to check.

- paid staff and/or volunteers (if they have the same level of responsibility and contact, they should be treated in the same way whether they are paid or not)
- new applicants only or existing volunteers/staff as well (if you are introducing checking for the first time you might want to start with new applicants and then check your existing volunteers or staff in priority order, depending on their role)
- those with specific responsibilities (e.g. instructor, centre principal, child protection/welfare officer, coach, head of cadet section) or anyone who regularly helps with junior/youth activity

4.4 The **level of check** to be conducted for each category.

- references
- self-declaration – see Sample Document 3 (please note that the revised version does not ask about criminal record; if you are entitled to ask an applicant about their spent criminal record it is recommended that you request a Criminal Records Disclosure)
- Enhanced Criminal Records Disclosure (and Barred List check if appropriate) or membership of the Protection of Vulnerable Groups Scheme (Scotland only), if the post is eligible.

4.5 **It is a criminal offence under the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006.**

- for a Barred individual to work in Regulated Activity/Regulated Work
- for an organisation to knowingly allow someone who has been Barred to work in Regulated Activity/Regulated Work, and
- for an organisation to fail to make a referral to the Disclosure and Barring Service/Disclosure Scotland if they have dismissed someone from Regulated Activity/Regulated Work for harming a child or vulnerable adult or placing them at risk of harm or would have dismissed them if they had not resigned.

Recruitment Policy

4.6 **Are they competent?** RAFSA is more likely to recruit and retain someone who is well suited to their role, and ensure equality of opportunity, if we:

- provide the applicant with a clear job or role description so that they understand what the work involves
- draw up a 'person specification' listing the key qualifications, skills, experience and qualities you're looking for
- check that the applicant is competent for the role, eg. they hold an appropriate and valid RYA instructor certificate, coach qualification or powerboat/safety boat certificate if required
- provide an induction, training, mentoring or supervision to cover any areas where they may lack experience or confidence and familiarise them with your organisation's operating procedures.

4.7 **Are they safe?** If the role involves contact with children, recruiters are to:

- ask them to provide information about their past career or relevant experience (*see RAFSA application form template at Annex A*)
- ask their reasons for leaving earlier posts, or moving area, and make sure there are no unexplained gaps in their career history
- explore their experience of and attitude towards working with children
- take up references, at least one of which should ideally be from someone who has first-hand knowledge of their previous work with children and make the nature of the work clear to the referees (*see RAFSA reference request form at Annex B*).

4.8 If the role involves regularly training or supervising children or is a position of trust or authority over children's welfare and eligible for a Criminal Records check, recruiters are to:

- First ask the applicant to complete a self-declaration form (*see Sample Document 3*). Although they might make a false declaration, the fact that your organisation has these procedures in place may deter anyone with a criminal record related to their suitability to work with children from proceeding any further
- Before confirming their appointment, ask the applicant to apply for an Enhanced Criminal Records Disclosure (with Barred List check if appropriate) or Protection of Vulnerable Groups scheme membership (see below).

Criminal Records Disclosures (DBS/AccessNI) and Protection of Vulnerable Groups (PVG) Scheme

4.9 Organisations affiliated to or recognised by the RYA can access the DBS (previously CRB), Access NI or PVG processes through the RYA which is a registered Umbrella/Intermediary Body. The procedure varies according to the home country and legal jurisdiction in which your organisation is located (see below). The RYA does not make an administrative charge for this service, but a fee is payable to the DBS/AccessNI/ Disclosure Scotland in the case of paid staff. The service is free for volunteers. Up to date information is available from the RYA website www.rya.org.uk/go/safeguarding or contact the RYA's Safeguarding and Equality Manager (see Section 7 for contact details).

4.10 DBS checks, Access NI checks and the PVG Scheme should only be used in conjunction with the other checks listed above and not relied on in isolation. A clear Disclosure is not a guarantee that the applicant has never done anything wrong, it only shows whether or not they have been caught.

4.11 Although it is not a legal requirement for voluntary sports clubs or private employers to ask their staff or volunteers to apply for Disclosures, it is an offence to allow someone to undertake regulated activity/work if they have been barred from working with the relevant vulnerable group. There is a risk that determined known offenders who are no longer able to work undetected in the statutory sector may move into the voluntary and sports sectors. If groups from local schools come to your site, a school may request that you check your instructors or volunteers so that they are subject to the same level of scrutiny as the children's teachers.

England, Wales and Northern Ireland

4.12 An individual is only eligible to apply for an Enhanced Disclosure, which will disclose their 'spent' as well as their 'unspent' record, if they will be in a position listed under the exceptions to the Rehabilitation of Offenders Act 1974, ie. one that involves regularly teaching, training, instructing, caring for or supervising persons under 18. They can only be required to apply for the additional Barred List check if they will be undertaking 'regulated activity' with children or vulnerable adults as defined under the Safeguarding Vulnerable Groups Act 2006, amended by the Protection of Freedoms Act 2012.

Scotland

4.13 If the normal duties of someone in RAFSA to include 'regulated work' with children or protected adults, they are required to apply for membership of the Protection of Vulnerable Groups (PVG) Scheme. This includes people who applied for an old-style Disclosure in the past. Once an individual is a member of the Scheme, current and subsequent employers or voluntary organisations can check whether their membership status has changed, or any relevant information has been added to their record.

Confidentiality and data storage

4.14 All personal information, including Disclosure information, should be treated as confidential, stored securely and only shared with those who need to see it in the course of their duties or to protect children, in accordance with the DBS/PVG/AccessNI Codes of Conduct and RAFSA GDPR Policy.

Safeguarding Training

4.15 All RAFSA staff and volunteers working regularly unsupervised with children must undertake training appropriate to their role. This may be through formal training, an online course, induction and mentoring and/or continuing professional development.

4.16 The RYA has a number of Tutors accredited by UK Coaching to deliver a three-hour basic awareness workshop 'Safeguarding and Protecting Children' to RYA clubs and centres in England. Any club or centre interested in running a workshop should contact Jackie Reid on 023 8060 4104.

4.17 Places at open multi-sport 'Safeguarding and Protecting Children' workshops in England can be booked via Coaching UK – click on this link:
<http://www.ukcoaching.org/workshops/workshop-search>

4.18 For training in Scotland, Wales or Northern Ireland please contact RYA Scotland, RYA Cymru Wales or RYANI – contact details are in Section 7.

4.19 Some local authorities and Local Safeguarding Children Boards also provide safeguarding awareness training, but this will not be specific to a sports setting.

4.20 The RYA has developed an online safeguarding awareness course 'Safe + Fun' which is available through more than 60 RYA Training Centres. To find a centre, use the 'Where's my nearest' function on the RYA website. It is a mandatory requirement for those intending to qualify as RYA Instructors, Senior Instructors or Racing Coaches to complete the online course prior to their Instructor or Coach course. The course is also available to anyone wishing to gain a basic awareness of safeguarding issues, or to refresh their knowledge.

4.21 A further online module for the S&CPC is also available. Contact Jackie Reid, the RYA's Safeguarding and Equality Manager, safeguarding@rya.org.uk or 023 8060 4104 to enrol.

5 Good practice guidelines

Culture

5.1 It is important that RAFSA develops a culture where both children and adults feel able to raise concerns, knowing that they will be taken seriously, treated confidentially and will not make the situation worse for themselves or others.

Minimising risk

5.2 Plan the work of the organisation and promote good practice (RAFSA's Good Practice Guide is at Annex D) to minimise situations where adults are working unobserved or could take advantage of their position of trust. Good practice protects everyone – children, volunteers and staff.

5.3 These common-sense guidelines are to be applied across RAFSA when working with children.

- Avoid spending any significant time working with children in isolation
- Do not take children alone in a car, however short the journey
- Do not take children to your home as part of your organisation's activity
- Where any of these are unavoidable, ensure that they only occur with the full knowledge and consent of someone in charge of the organisation or the child's parents
- Design training programmes that are within the ability of the individual child.
- If a child is having difficulty with a wetsuit or buoyancy aid, ask them to ask a friend to help if at all possible
- If you do have to help a child, make sure you are in full view of others, preferably another adult
- Restrict communications with young people via mobile phone, e-mail or social media to group communications about organisational matters. If it's essential to send an individual message, copy it to the child's parent or carer.

5.4 You should never:

- engage in rough, physical or sexually provocative games
- allow or engage in inappropriate touching of any form
- allow children to use inappropriate language unchallenged, or use such language yourself when with children
- make sexually suggestive comments to a child, even in fun
- fail to respond to an allegation made by a child; always act
- do things of a personal nature that children can do for themselves.

5.5 It may sometimes be necessary to do things of a personal nature for children, particularly if they are very young or disabled. These tasks should only be carried out with the full understanding and consent of both the child (where possible) and their parents/carers. In an emergency situation which requires this type of help, parents/carers should be informed as soon as possible. In such situations it is important to ensure that any adult present is sensitive to the child and undertakes personal care tasks with the utmost discretion.

Additional vulnerability

5.6 Some children may be more vulnerable to abuse or find it more difficult to express their concerns. For example:

- a disabled child who relies on a carer to help them get changed may worry that they won't be able to sail any more if they report the carer
- a deaf child may not be able to express themselves or speak confidentially if they need an interpreter
- a child who has experienced racism may find it difficult to trust an adult from a different ethnic background
- children with low self-esteem or mental health problems can be more vulnerable to bullying or abuse, as can gay, lesbian, bisexual or transgender young people, or any child who has a characteristic that marks them out in others' eyes as 'different'.

Grooming

5.7 Grooming is when someone develops a relationship with a child over a period of time to gain their trust for the purposes of sexual abuse or exploitation. Children and young people can be groomed online or face-to-face, by a stranger or by someone they know - for example a family member, friend or professional. For more information on possible signs of grooming, see <https://www.nspcc.org.uk/preventing-abuse/child-abuse-and-neglect/grooming/> Sometimes the perpetrator grooms the entire family, building a relationship with the child's parents/carers so that they are allowed more access to the child than would normally be the case.

5.8 Similar behaviour could be used to radicalise young people and recruit them to a religious or political cause. This is unlikely to happen in a sailing club setting, but under the government's 'Prevent' strategy teachers and others working with young people are receiving training on recognising the warning signs.

Bullying

5.9 If a child alleges bullying or shows signs of being bullied, this must be investigated. For a definition of bullying, see Appendix A. Safeguarding and child protection procedures should include an Anti-Bullying policy. The RYA's Anti-bullying policy is available on the website under Racing, Youth and Junior, Information, Policies or click on this link: Youth and Junior Racing Policies.

5.10 The Child Protection in Sport Unit also publishes a sample Anti-bullying policy and guidance, see <https://thecpsu.org.uk/help-advice/topics/anti-bullying/> Resources and advice for young people can be found on www.kidscape.org.uk and www.childline.org.uk

5.11 Children and young people could be asked to sign up to RAFSA's Code of Conduct at Annex E.

Managing challenging behaviour

5.12 Guidance for instructors and coaches on handling young people who display challenging behaviour is available as a download from the RYA website www.rya.org.uk/go/safeguarding , under RYA Safeguarding and Child Protection Guidelines.

Responsibilities of members and volunteers

5.13 RAFSA members and volunteers are to be given clear roles and responsibilities, are to be made aware of RAFSA's safeguarding policy and procedures and are to read the RAFSA Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy before working with children. All members and volunteers are to be made aware of:

- *The Good Practice Guidelines above and RAFSA's Good Practice Guide at Annex D) and*
- Recognising signs of abuse (*see Enclosure 1*).

5.14 RYA Coaches and Instructors are expected to comply with the RYA Codes and Conduct (*see Enclosures 2 and 3*).

Parental responsibility and club liability

5.15 Parents play an essential part in their children's participation, but occasionally their desire to see their child achieve success can put the child under too much pressure or give rise to friction between families or interference in coaching. RAFSA Rear Commodores may wish to consider adopting a Code of Conduct (see Sample Document 5) that can be signed up to by everyone involved, whether they are participants, parents, staff or volunteers, so that everyone is aware of their responsibilities towards each other and appropriate action can be taken if anyone's behaviour fails to meet the expectations set out in the Code.

5.16 Although RAFSA has a duty of care to its members, and particularly to young people who cannot take full responsibility for their own safety, parents must be responsible for their children's welfare and behaviour, or designate another adult to take that responsibility, outside formal Association-organised activities.

5.17 When children are attending a RAFSA organised training or coaching session or activity, the organisers have a duty of care for their safety and welfare at all times. If the Association/Division requires a parent (or designated responsible adult) to be on site, it must be made clear at what point responsibility transfers from the instructor, coach or organiser to the parent.

5.18 For information on the Association's legal liability and duty of care, please go to the Club Zone of the RYA website (you'll need your club's login) and select Club Management, Health & Safety, Organising and Managing Events, or click on this link: Race, Training and Event Management

Changing rooms and showers

5.19 Shower areas should, where possible, be designed to allow both adults and children to shower and dress in reasonable privacy. As a minimum there should be separate male and female changing rooms and, if relevant, unisex disabled changing. If there is an opportunity to redevelop or refurbish changing facilities, clubs/centres should endeavour to provide some family changing areas similar to those provided at public swimming pools.

5.20 It is preferable for adults to stay away from the changing rooms while there are children there. If this is unavoidable because adults are sailing at the same times, or the site is open to the public, it is better if one adult is not alone. Parents should be made

aware that adult club members and/or members of the public may be in the changing rooms.

5.21 Bullying can be an issue in changing rooms and showers (see Bullying on page 14).

5.22 If it is essential, in an emergency situation, for a male to enter a female changing area or vice versa, it is advised that they are accompanied by another adult of the opposite sex.

First aid and medical treatment

5.23 First aid, provided by an appropriately trained and qualified person, is part of our Association's normal duty of care. Obtain consent if medication or medical treatment is required in the absence of the parent/carer using RAFSA's Booking and Parental Consent Form at Annex F.

Organising and hosting events

5.24 When hosting an open junior or youth event, organisers are to liaise with the relevant class association to ensure that all involved in the organisation of the event are operating to similar policies. It should be made clear to all young competitors and their parents that there is someone responsible for their welfare who can be contacted if they have any concerns.

5.25 A free poster for you to display at your event, giving the contact details of the event welfare officer, can be downloaded from www.rya.org.uk/go/safeguarding or contact the RYA Safeguarding and Equality Manager, e-mail safeguarding@rya.org.uk, tel. 023 8060 4104.

5.26 The RYA Racing Department, in conjunction with the recognised junior and youth classes, has developed guidelines covering all aspects of running a major junior or youth event and these are available to clubs and class associations on request. RYA organised events will be run under these guidelines. The Child Protection in Sport Unit also publishes a comprehensive guide 'Safe Sports Events' (see Section 7 for contact details).

Away events

5.27 It is essential that those accompanying young people to away events or training camps, and the competitors themselves, have a clear understanding of their responsibilities and the conduct expected of them.

5.28 The RYA Racing Department has Sailor Supervision Guidelines and other detailed policies for the RYA junior and youth squad programmes. These are available on the RYA website, see Racing & Performance, Youth and Junior, Information, Policy Guidance, or click on Youth and Junior Racing Policies. They may be a useful reference for events organised by bodies other than the RYA but should not be taken as prescriptive.

Communication and Images

5.29 The world of the internet, social media and apps is constantly and rapidly evolving and it is hard to keep up to date, but it is important for parents and for anyone working with young people to develop some understanding of how they use technology, the risks

involved and how to keep them safe. Suggested sources of information, mainly intended for parents but useful for anyone, are:

www.nspcc.org.uk/shareaware
www.internetmatters.org

www.net-aware.org.uk
www.getsafeonline.org

Parents

5.30 Organisations are responsible for the content published on their sites, but parents must accept responsibility for their children's access to and use of computers, tablets and smartphones. See the links above for guidance.

Club websites and social media

5.31 When promoting RAFSA and encouraging members to interact online, there are a few issues to bear in mind in relation to children and young people:

- follow the RYA guidance on the use of images of children (see Photography section below)
- ensure that the content and language on your site or page, including contributions to blogs, forums etc, is not inappropriate for younger visitors and does not link directly to unsuitable material on other sites
- provide a clear process for parents and others to report inappropriate content or online bullying and to request that content is removed
- have a robust procedure for handling and assessing such a report or request and acting promptly to remove the offending content.

Coaches and Instructors

5.32 When working with children and young people you are advised to:

- where possible have a business phone and a personal phone
- only contact sailors on your business phone (or using your organisation's text system)
- avoid using over-familiar language and try to copy in the child's parent/carer
- only communicate regarding organisational matters, not for social or personal contact.
-

When using social media, it is recommended that you:

- have a personal and a professional page for your social media
- do not allow young sailors to follow or be friends with your personal account
- set your privacy settings as high as possible on your personal account
- challenge the way that young sailors post or comment to you or others on social media if it is inappropriate
- educate young sailors about the boundaries between them and their Coach or Instructor.

5.33 Coaches on the RYA's Youth and Junior squad programmes are expected to comply with the RYA Youth Racing Communications Policy.

Children and young people

5.34 Children and young people use modern technology as a matter of course, but they don't always understand the risks involved and their parents are not always fully aware of their children's risky behaviour. Online communication and texting can often be used as a means of bullying. 'Cyberbullying' should be treated in the same way as any other form of bullying. www.thinkuknow.co.uk and www.childline.org.uk provide guidance and support for children and young people in different age groups, as well as for parents and carers, on matters such as online bullying, sharing images and 'sexting'.

Photography, images and video

5.35 Publishing articles, photos and videos in newsletters, on websites, in local newspapers etc is an excellent way of recognising young people's achievements and of promoting RAFSA and the sport as a whole. However, it is important to minimise the risk of anyone using images of children in an inappropriate way. Digital technology makes it easy to take, store, send, manipulate and publish images.

5.36 There are two key principles to bear in mind:

Before taking photos or video, obtain written consent from the child's parents/carers for their images to be taken and used

- A consent form could be included with the event entry form (see *RAFSA Consent Form at Annex F*).
- Any photographer or member of the press or media attending an event should wear identification at all times and should be fully briefed in advance on your expectations regarding his/her behaviour and the issues covered by these guidelines.
- Do not allow a photographer to have unsupervised access to young people at the event or to arrange photo sessions outside the event.
- Consent should also be obtained for the use of video as a coaching aid. Any other use by a coach will be regarded as a breach of the RYA's Code of Conduct.
- Care must be taken in the storage of and access to images.

When publishing images, make sure they are appropriate and that you do not include any information that might enable someone to contact the child

- It is preferable to use a general shot showing participants on the water, or a group shot of the prize-winners, without identifying them by name.
- If you are recognising the achievement of an individual sailor and wish to publish their name with their photo, DO NOT publish any other information (eg. where they live, name of school, other hobbies and interests) that could enable someone to contact, befriend or start to 'groom' the child.
- Ensure that the young people pictured are suitably dressed, to reduce the risk of inappropriate use.

5.37 Most sailing activity takes place in areas that are open to the public and it is therefore not possible to control all photography, but any concerns about inappropriate or intrusive photography, or about the inappropriate use of images, should be reported to the organisation's child protection/welfare officer and treated in the same way as any other child protection concern. Parents and spectators should be prepared to identify themselves if requested and state their purpose for photography/filming.

5.38 The use of cameras or smart phones/tablets in changing areas should not be permitted in any circumstances. Such use by young people should be regarded as a form of bullying.

6 Handling concerns, reports or allegations

This section is primarily for RAFSA's S&CPC and RAFSA event organisers, but everyone should be aware of the procedures to follow if there are concerns (see flowcharts below).

6.1 A complaint, concern or allegation may come from a number of sources: the child, their parents, someone else within the Association. It may involve the behaviour of one of our volunteers, staff or a third party, or something that has happened to the child outside the sport, perhaps at home or at school. Children may confide in adults they trust, in a place where they feel at ease.

6.2 An allegation may range from mild verbal bullying to physical or sexual abuse. If you are concerned that a child may be being abused, it is NOT your responsibility to investigate further BUT it is your responsibility to act on your concerns and report them to the appropriate statutory authorities. For guidance on recognising abuse, see Appendix A.

Handling an allegation from a child

6.3 Always:

- stay calm – ensure that the child is safe and feels safe
- show and tell the child that you are taking what he/she says seriously
- reassure the child and stress that he/she is not to blame
- be careful about physical contact, it may not be what the child wants
- be honest, explain that you will have to tell someone else to help stop the alleged abuse
- make a record of what the child has said as soon as possible after the event, using the child's own words
- follow your organisation's child protection procedures.

6.4 Never:

- rush into actions that may be inappropriate
- make promises you cannot keep (eg. you won't tell anyone)
- ask leading questions (see 'Recording and handling information' below)
- take sole responsibility – consult someone else (ideally the designated Child Protection/Welfare Officer or the person in charge or someone you can trust) so that you can begin to protect the child and gain support for yourself.

6.5 You may be upset about what the child has said, or you may worry about the consequences of your actions. Sometimes people worry about children being removed from their families as a result of abuse, but in reality, this rarely happens. However, one thing is certain – you cannot ignore it.

Recording and handling information

6.6 If you suspect that a child may have been the subject of any form of physical, emotional or sexual abuse or neglect, the allegation must be referred as soon as possible to Children's Social Care or the Police who have trained experts to handle such cases. Do not start asking leading questions which may jeopardise any formal investigation.

6.7 A leading question is where you suggest an answer or provide options that only need a 'yes' or 'no' answer, instead of allowing the child to explain things in their own words. An example would be asking 'did X hit you?' instead of 'how did you get that bruise?' Use open questions such as 'what happened next?' Only ask questions to confirm that you need to refer the matter to someone else. Listen to and keep a record of anything the child tells you or that you have observed and pass the information on to the statutory authorities; a suitable referral form is at Annex G.

6.8 **All information must be treated as confidential and only shared with those who need to know.** If the allegation or suspicion concerns someone within RAFSA only the child's parents/carers, the person in charge of the organisation (unless they are the subject of the allegation), the relevant authorities, including Service Authorities for Service personnel on duty, and the RYA Safeguarding and Equality Manager should be informed. If the alleged abuse took place outside the sport, the Police or Children's Social Care will decide who else needs to be informed, including the child's parents/carers. It should not be discussed by anyone within the organisation other than the person who received or initiated the allegation and, if different, the person in charge.

6.9 Confidential information must be processed, stored and destroyed in accordance with RAFSA's Data Privacy Policy and GDPR.

Procedures

6.10 The following procedures set out how safeguarding and Child Protection issues should normally be managed. Remember, don't decide in haste, take advice and make notes.

Statutory Authorities

6.11 If RAFSA is contacted by the Police or Children's Services concerning information received or a complaint made by or about a member, volunteer or employee, RCs and Principals should inform the **RAFSA S&CPC, RAFSA Vice Commodore and/ or RAFSA Commodore**, who will inform the service Authorities. Further **advice should be sought from Service authorities in the first instance**. Advice may also be available from DRS and RAF Sports Federation. The RYA Safeguarding and Equality Manager can also offer guidance and support. The key principle is to co-operate fully with official requests for factual information, but do not express any personal opinions on the person's conduct.

Handling the media

6.12 If there is an incident involving RAFSA which attracts media interest, or if you are contacted by the media with an allegation concerning a RAFSA member or volunteer, do not give any response; report the matter to **the RAFSA S&CPC, RAFSA Vice**

Commodore and/ or RAFSA Commodore who will inform the Service Authorities. Single Service Medial and Communications Departments will handle further media enquiries.

Insurance

6.13 If there is a serious allegation involving harm caused to a child either at a RAFSA run event, the RC in consultation with the Commodore should consider notifying the Division's insurers in case there is a subsequent claim against the Association.

Historical allegations

6.14 If someone raises a child protection concern relating to incidents that took place some time ago, follow the same procedure as you would for a new concern, even if the person about whom the allegation is being made is no longer active within RAFSA. If the concern appears to relate to a criminal offence, encourage the individual to contact the Police on 101.

Reference to the Disclosure and Barring Service or Disclosure Scotland

6.15 The Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) maintains the lists of people barred from working with children or with vulnerable adults in England and Wales and in Northern Ireland. Disclosure Scotland fulfils this function in Scotland. If RAFSA permanently dismisses or removes someone from a role involving Regulated Activity/Work, or would have dismissed them if they had not resigned, because they have harmed a child or vulnerable adult or placed them at risk of harm, you have a duty to refer them to the DBS or Disclosure Scotland, as appropriate. ***It is a criminal offence not to make such a referral.*** For guidance on the grounds and process for making a referral, see the relevant website (see Section 7 Useful Contacts) or contact the RYA Safeguarding and Equality Manager.

Reporting Procedures

6.16 If you are uncertain what to do at any stage, contact RAFSA duty personnel (see local Divisional contact sheets), the Service Authorities or the RYA's Safeguarding and Equality Manager on 023 8060 4104 or the NSPCC free 24-hour helpline 0808 800 5000.

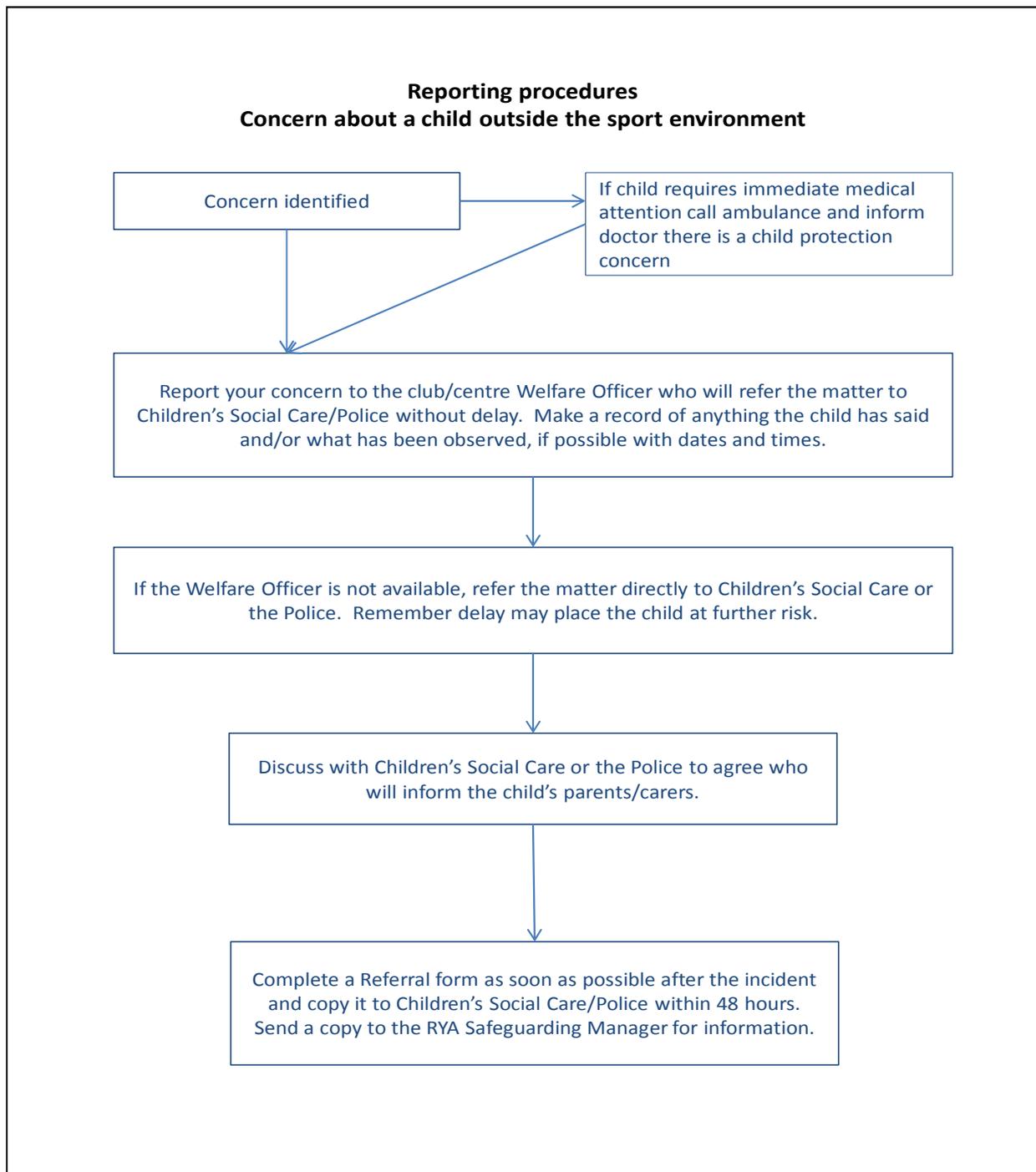
6.17 Details of Children's Social Care departments and emergency duty teams are listed on local authority websites and in local phone books. If you are unable to find the appropriate contact number, call the RYA's Safeguarding and Equality Manager or, if a child is at immediate risk, the Police.

Discipline and Complaints

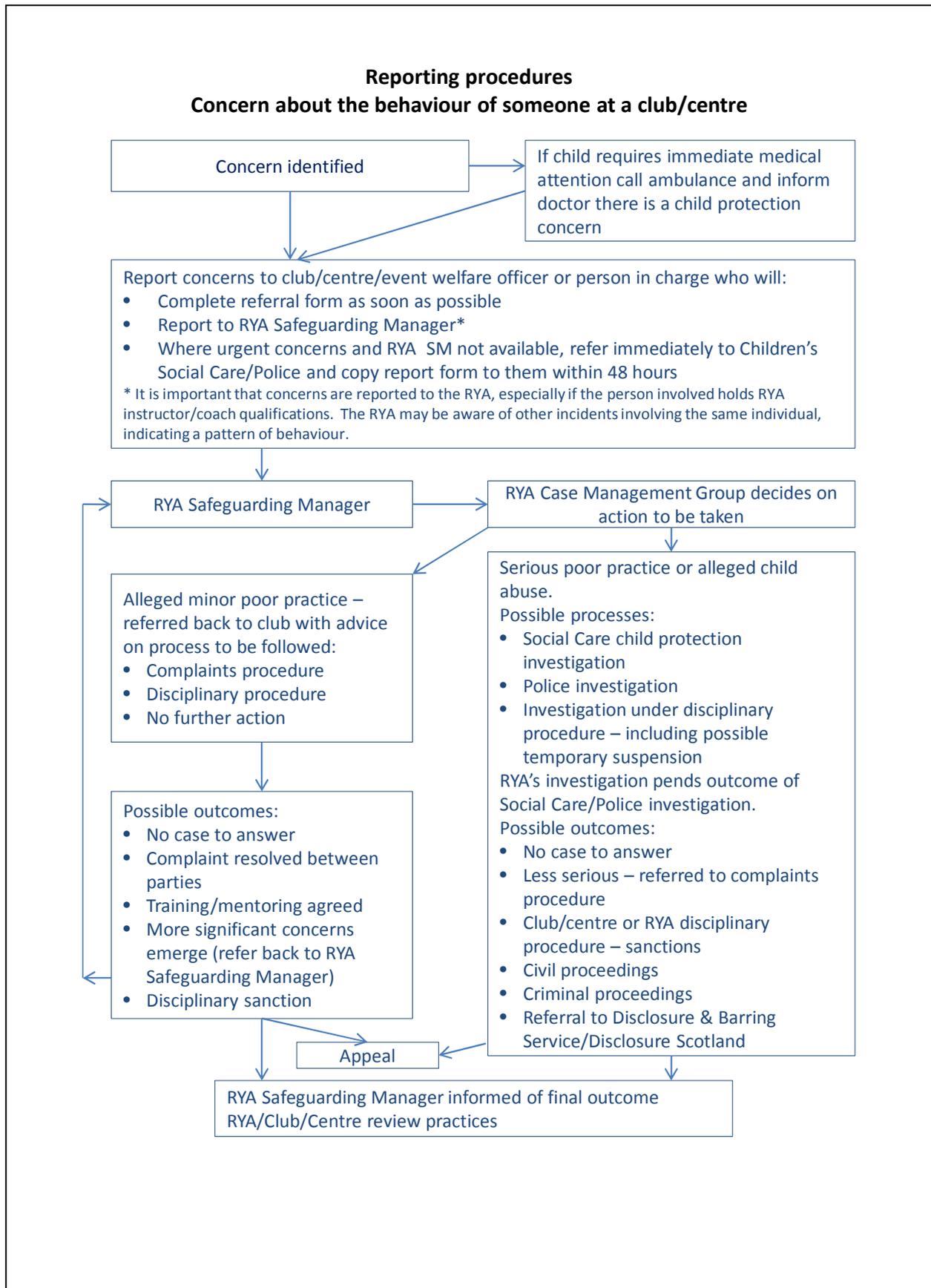
6.18 Any disciplinary issues or complaints will be handled in accordance with the RAFSA Articles of Association at the direction of the Board of Trustees. Service personnel may face Service Disciplinary or Administrative action or complaints procedures in accordance with extant RAF Policy.

Note: for the Club Welfare Officer referred to in flowchart 1 & 2 is the S&CPC.

Flowchart 1



Flowchart 2



PART 3 – INFORMATION AND SAMPLE DOCUMENTS

7 Useful Contacts

RAFSA

Use local contact sheets for RTC Principals, RCs, RAFSA Hon Sec, Vice Commodore and Cdre

RAF Stn Police

NSPCC 24 hour free helpline

0808 800 5000

E-mail: help@nspcc.org.uk

Website: www.nspcc.org.uk

Children 1st (Scotland) free helpline

08000 28 22 33

E-mail: parentlinescotland@children1st.org.uk

Text: 07860 022844

Website: www.children1st.org.uk

Childline 24 hour free helpline

0800 1111

Website: www.childline.org.uk

Social Care Services

Your local phone book or the website for your County Council or unitary local authority will list numbers for the Children and Families Services, generally with separate numbers for Children's Social Care and for the Emergency Duty Team (out of hours service).

Royal Yachting Association

Jackie Reid, Safeguarding and Equality Manager

RYA House, Ensign Way

Hamble

Southampton

SO31 4YA

Tel: 023 8060 4104

E-mail: safeguarding@rya.org.uk

Website: www.rya.org.uk/go/safeguarding

RYA Cymru Wales

Phil Braden, Chief Executive Officer

Tel: 01248 670814 Mob: 07450 239152

E-mail: phil.braden@ryacymruwales.org.uk

Website: www.ryacymruwales.org.uk

RYA Scotland

Liza Linton, Development Manager

Tel: 0131 317 7388 Mob: 07770 604234

E-mail: liza.linton@ryascotland.org.uk

Website: www.ryascotland.org.uk

RYA Northern Ireland

Paul Bunting, Director, Safeguarding

Tel: 028 9038 3812

E-mail: dsco.ryani@gmail.com

Website: www.ryani.org.uk

Child Protection in Sport Unit (CPSU)

England

Tel: 0116 366 5590

E-mail: cpsu@nspcc.org.uk

Website: www.thecpsu.org.uk

Wales

Tel: 0116 366 5590

E-mail: cpsuwales@nspcc.org.uk

Northern Ireland

Tel: 028 9035 1135

E-mail: cpsu@nspcc.org.uk

Scotland (Children 1st Safeguarding in Sport)

Tel: 0141 419 1156

E-mail: safeguardingsport@children1st.org.uk

Website: www.safeguardingsport.org.uk

Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS - formerly CRB) – RYA is Registered Body

Website: <https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations/disclosure-and-barring-service>

Volunteer Scotland Disclosure Services – RYA is Enrolled Body

Website: www.volunteerscotland.net/disclosure-services

Disclosure Scotland (for referrals)

Website: <https://www.mygov.scot/pvg-referrals/>

AccessNI – RYA is Registered Body

Website: www.nidirect.gov.uk/accessni

UK Coaching – provide Safeguarding and Protecting Children training

Website: www.ukcoaching.org

Annexes:

- A. RAFSA Job/Post Application Form Template.
- B. Royal Air Force Sailing Association – Reference Request.
- C. RAFSA – Self-Declaration Form.
- D. Good Practice Guide for Instructors, Coaches And Volunteers.
- E. RAFSA Code Of Conduct.
- F. Booking and Parental Consent Form – Template.
- G. Safeguarding and Child Protection Referral Form.

ENCLOSURES:

1. What is Child Abuse?
2. RYA Instructor Code of Conduct.
3. RYA Coach Code of Ethics and Conduct.

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RAFSA JOB/POST APPLICATION FORM TEMPLATE

To be adapted for voluntary role or paid employment

Application for the post/role of (job/role title)

When completed this form should be returned, marked 'Private and Confidential', to:

The closing date for applications is:

1. Personal details

Title: Surname:
Other names in full:

2. Contact details

Address:

Home phone:

Work phone:

(state if you do not wish to be contacted at work)

Mobile:

E-mail:

3. Training and Qualifications

Academic and/or vocational qualifications

RYA or other qualifications relevant to the role

Do you hold a valid UK driving licence? YES / NO

4. Summary of past experience

Please state the name of organisation, position held, dates and a brief description of responsibilities and duties (continue on separate sheet if required)

5. Please state how you think your skills and experience match the requirements of this role and give your reasons for applying.

6. Other relevant information

eg. recreational interests, hobbies, voluntary or community work

7. Criminal record

Having a criminal record will not necessarily bar you from working with us. This will depend on the position applied for and the nature of your offence. If you are applying for a position involving regular contact with children or vulnerable adults you will be required, at the offer stage, to apply for an Enhanced Criminal Records Disclosure, with Barred List check if relevant (*in Scotland: to apply for membership of the Protection of Vulnerable Groups Scheme*).

8. **References**

Please give names and addresses of two people who can be asked to provide a reference. At least one should have first-hand knowledge of your previous work with children. References from relatives will not be accepted. Please indicate if you do not want us to contact any of your referees before interview or before an offer of employment.

9. **Referee 1**

Name

Address

E-mail address

Phone number

Capacity in which known to you

10. **Referee 2**

Name

Address

E-mail address

Phone number

Capacity in which known to you

11. **Data Protection**

In order to recruit to this role *[insert name of organisation]* will process personal information given in connection with this application. Information relating to the successful applicant will form part of personnel records. All personal data will be handled in accordance with *[name of organisation's]* Data Privacy Policy which can be found *[provide link]*.

12. **Applicant's Declaration**

I declare that to the best of my knowledge the information given on this form is correct and understand that misleading statements or deliberate omission may be sufficient grounds for cancelling any appointment arising from this application.

Signature

Date

ROYAL AIR FORCE SAILING ASSOCIATION - REFERENCE REQUEST

(Name) has expressed an interest in working with the RAFSA (Division)..... in the role of, and has given your name as a referee. This role involves substantial access to children. As an organisation committed to the protection and welfare of children, we are anxious to know if there are any reasons to be concerned about this applicant being in regular contact with children or young people.

If you agree to complete this reference, any information will be treated with due confidentiality and in accordance with relevant legislation and guidance and will only be shared with the person conducting the assessment of the applicant's suitability, should they be offered the role. We would appreciate you being candid, open and honest in your evaluation of this person.

1. How long have you known this person?
2. In what capacity?
3. What attributes does this person have which would make them suitable for this role?
.....
.....
.....

4. Please rate this person on the following (please tick one box for each question)

	Poor	Average	Good	Very good	Excellent
Responsibility					
Maturity					
Self-motivation					
Motivation of others					
Commitment					
Energy					
Trustworthiness					
Reliability					

5. Do you have any reason at all to be concerned about this applicant being in regular contact with children or young people? YES / NO

If you answer 'Yes' we will contact you in confidence.

Name: (please print) Tel. No:

Signed: Date:

Please return this form, marked 'Confidential' to:

Note: A reference is personal data and the subject is entitled to request a copy from the recipient.

RAFSA – SELF-DECLARATION FORM

Can be adapted for roles involving working with vulnerable adults

Self-declaration form for roles involving contact with children

1. RAFSA is committed to safeguarding children from physical, sexual and emotional harm. As part of our Safeguarding policy, we require applicants for posts involving contact with children to complete this self-declaration form.
2. If your role will involve regular or frequent contact with or responsibility for children you may also be required to provide a valid Enhanced Criminal Records Disclosure, with Barred List check if relevant (*Scotland: to be a member of the Protecting Vulnerable Groups Scheme*). Having a criminal record will not necessarily bar you from working with us. This will depend on the nature of the position and the circumstances and background of your offences.
3. All information will be treated as confidential and managed in accordance with our Data Privacy Policy and current data protection legislation and guidance.

Name

1. **Have you ever been known to any Children Services Department as being an actual or potential risk to children?**
YES / NO
If yes, please supply details.
2. **Have you ever been the subject of any disciplinary investigation and/or sanction by any organisation due to concerns about your behaviour towards children?**
YES / NO
If yes, please supply details.

Declaration

I declare that to the best of my knowledge the information given above is correct and understand that any misleading statements or deliberate omission may be sufficient grounds for disciplinary action and/or the withdrawal of my appointment.

If required I agree to provide a valid Criminal Records Disclosure (*Scotland: PVG Scheme Membership certificate*).

I agree to inform the organisation within 24 hours if I am subsequently investigated by any agency or organisation in relation to concerns about my behaviour towards children or young people.

I understand that the information contained in this form and in the Disclosure, or supplied by third parties, may be shared with other persons or organisations in circumstances where this is considered necessary to safeguard children.

Signed: Date:

Note: if the applicant is aged under 18, this form should be counter-signed by a parent or guardian

GOOD PRACTICE GUIDE FOR INSTRUCTORS, COACHES AND VOLUNTEERS

1. This guide only covers the essential points of good practice when working with children and young people. You must also read RAFSA's Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy and Procedures which are available for reference at all times.

- Avoid spending any significant time working with children in isolation
- Do not take children alone in a car, however short the journey
- Do not take children to your home as part of your organisation's activity
- Where any of these are unavoidable, ensure that they only occur with the full knowledge and consent of someone in charge of the organisation or the child's parents
- Design training programmes that are within the ability of the individual child
- If a child is having difficulty with a wetsuit or buoyancy aid, ask them to ask a friend to help if at all possible
- If you do have to help a child, make sure you are in full view of others, preferably another adult
- Restrict communications with young people via mobile phone, e-mail or social media to group communications about organisational matters. If it's essential to send an individual message, copy it to the child's parent or carer.

2. **You should never:**

- engage in rough, physical or sexually provocative games
- allow or engage in inappropriate touching of any form
- allow children to use inappropriate language unchallenged, or use such language yourself when with children
- make sexually suggestive comments to a child, even in fun
- fail to respond to an allegation made by a child; always act
- do things of a personal nature that children can do for themselves.

3. It may sometimes be necessary to do things of a personal nature for children, particularly if they are very young or disabled. These tasks should only be carried out with the full understanding and consent of the child (where possible) and their parents/carers. In an emergency situation which requires this type of help, parents should be fully informed. In such situations it is important to ensure that any adult present is sensitive to the child and undertakes personal care tasks with the utmost discretion.

RAFSA CODE OF CONDUCT

1. It is the policy of RAFSA that all participants, coaches, instructors, officials, parents and volunteers show respect and understanding for each other, treat everyone equally within the context of the sport and conduct themselves in a way that reflects the principles of the club/class. The aim is for all participants to enjoy their sport and to improve performance.

Abusive language, swearing, intimidation, aggressive behaviour or lack of respect for others and their property will not be tolerated and may lead to disciplinary action.

2. Participants - young sailors, windsurfers and powerboaters

- Listen to and accept what you are asked to do to improve your performance and keep you safe
- Respect other participants, coaches, instructors, officials and volunteers
- Abide by the rules and play fairly
- Do your best at all times
- Never bully others either in person, by phone, by text or online
- Take care of all property belonging to other participants, the club/class or its members

3. Parents

- Support your child's involvement and help them enjoy their sport
- Help your child to recognise good performance, not just results
- Never force your child to take part in sport
- Never punish or belittle a child for losing or making mistakes
- Encourage and guide your child to accept responsibility for their own conduct and performance
- Respect and support the coach
- Accept officials' judgements and recognise good performance by all participants
- Use established procedures where there is a genuine concern or dispute
- Inform RAFSA or event organisers of relevant medical information
- Ensure that your child wears suitable clothing and has appropriate food and drink
- Provide contact details and be available when required
- Take responsibility for your child's safety and conduct in and around the clubhouse/event venue

4. Coaches, Instructors, Officials and Volunteers

- Consider the welfare and safety of participants before the development of performance
- Encourage participants to value their performance and not just results

- Promote fair play and never condone cheating
- Ensure that all activities are appropriate to the age, ability and experience of those taking part
- Build relationships based on mutual trust and respect
- Work in an open environment
- Avoid unnecessary physical contact with young people
- Be an excellent role model and display consistently high standards of behaviour and appearance
- Do not drink alcohol or smoke when working directly with young people
- Communicate clearly with parents and participants
- Be aware of any relevant medical information
- Follow RYA and club/class guidelines and policies
- Holders of RYA Instructor and Coach qualifications must also comply with the RYA Code of Conduct
- Holders of RYA Race Official appointments must also comply with the RYA Race Officials Code of Conduct.

5. If you are concerned that someone is not following the Code of Conduct, you should inform your Club/Class Welfare Officer or the person in charge of the activity.

BOOKING AND PARENTAL CONSENT FORM – TEMPLATE

*This document is an extract from the RYA's booklet **Race, Training and Event Management** which can be downloaded from the website: *Race, Training and Event Management*. Please see the booklet for full guidance notes, alternative clauses for different types of event, etc.*

1. This template has been produced as a Model Booking Form for a boating event organised by a club or class association (e.g. a taster day, training/coaching etc).

The form will need to be modified for use in relation to specific events.

EVENT DETAILS

Event name	
Venue	
Date	
Event Co-ordinator	
Event details	

PARTICIPANT CONTACT DETAILS

Name	
Address	
Contact no.	
Email address:	
If you are under 18, your parent or guardian must complete and sign the Parental/Guardian Agreement Form at page []	

ABOUT YOU

Do you have any previous boating experience or qualifications? If yes, please give brief details.	
Can you swim 25 metres?	
In the interests of your safety do you have any medical conditions or physical or mental impairments that the organiser needs to be aware of that may affect your ability to take part in the Event?	Yes/ No If you answer yes please provide further details in the Medical Information and Impairments section of this form at page [].
Telephone number of emergency contact.	

BOOKING TERMS

1. RISK STATEMENT

It must be recognised that sailing is by its nature an unpredictable sport and therefore inherently involves an element of risk. By taking part in the Event, you agree and acknowledge that:

- (i) You are aware of the inherent element of risk involved in the sport and you accept responsibility exposing yourself to such inherent risk whilst taking part in the Event;
- (ii) You will comply at all times with the instructions of the Event Co-ordinator particularly with regard to handling of boats, wearing of buoyancy aids and the wearing of suitable clothing for the conditions;
- (iii) You accept responsibility for any injury, damage or loss to the extent caused by your own negligence;
- (iv) You will not participate in the Event if your ability to participate is impaired by alcohol, drugs or if you are otherwise unfit to participate;
- (v) You will inform the Event Co-ordinator if there have been any changes to the information provided on this form at the time of the Event.
- (vi) The provision of patrol boat cover is limited to such assistance as can be practically provided in the circumstances;
- (vii) You are aware of any specific risks drawn to your attention by the Event Co-ordinator.

2. CANCELLATION

You understand that the Event Co-ordinator may cancel or postpone the Event at any stage in the event of bad weather, equipment failure or otherwise.

3. MISCONDUCT

You understand that the Event Co-ordinator may exclude anyone from a particular session and evict anyone from the premises who refuses to comply with these Booking Terms or who misconducts themselves in any way or who causes damage or annoyance to other persons.

4. DATA PROTECTION

The Organiser has a Data Privacy Policy which can be found at []
Your data will be stored and used in accordance with that policy.

The information you provide in this form will be used to facilitate your participation in the Event and to contact you. The Organiser would also like to include your contact details on a mailing list in order to make you aware of membership opportunities and future events.

If you would like to be included on this mailing list please tick here

If you wish to withdraw your agreement at any time, please contact []

5. USE OF YOUR IMAGE

The Organiser may arrange for images or videos to be taken at the Event and published on the Event or Organiser's website or social media channels to promote the Event or Organiser.

If you agree to images of you being used for this purpose, please tick here.

If you are taking part in the Event as a family, your family members, aged 18 and over, should indicate their agreement to the use of their image separately below.

Parental agreement for images of participants aged under 18 is included in the Parental/Guardian Agreement Form at page [].

Family member

Family member

Family member

If you later wish to withdraw your agreement, please contact []. Please be aware that if you later decide to withdraw your agreement it will not be possible to remove your image from any printed material in circulation, or until the next edition or print of the item containing your image is released.

By agreeing to your images being used, you agree to assign any copyright or any other right of ownership of these images to the Organiser.

AGREEMENT

I confirm that I have read and fully understand the above Booking Terms and agree to comply with them.

Signed..... (The Participant) Date.....

PARENTAL/GUARDIAN AGREEMENT

(to be completed if the participant is aged under 18)

Name of participant	
Name of parent/guardian completing this form	
Relationship to participant	
Contact number during Event	

Optional clause to be used where Event organisers require a responsible adult to remain on site during the Event

Supervision

I will be responsible for my child throughout the Event. I will be available at the Event venue

OR

I appoint the person named below, who has agreed to act in loco parentis. He/she will be responsible for my dependant throughout the event. He/she will be available at the Event venue.

Name of person appointed in loco parentis.....

Mobile number.....

Optional Medical consent if parent/guardian is not on site

Medical treatment

I give permission to the organisers to administer any relevant treatment or medication to the above-named participant when or if necessary.

In an emergency situation I authorise the organisers to take my child to hospital and give my full permission for any treatment required to be carried out in accordance with the hospital’s diagnosis. I understand that I shall be notified, as soon as possible, of the hospital visit and any treatment given by the hospital.

Use of your child’s image

The Organiser may arrange for images or videos to be taken at the Event and published on the Event or Organiser’s website or social media channels to promote the Event or Organiser.

If you agree to the use of images of your child being used for this purpose, please tick here.

If you agree to the use of images of your child being used, please confirm below that your child is not under a court order which may prevent their image being published. I confirm that my child is not under a court order which may prevent their image from being published.

If you later wish to withdraw your agreement, please contact []. Please be aware that if you later decide to withdraw your agreement it will not be possible to remove your image from any printed material in circulation, or until the next edition or print of the item containing your image is released.

By agreeing to images being used, you agree to assign any copyright or any other right of ownership of these images to the Organiser

PARENTAL/GUARDIAN AGREEMENT (if under 18)

I agree that _____ may take part in the Event. I confirm that I have read through the above conditions with him/her and that she/he understands and agrees with them. I also confirm that he/she takes part in the Event with my full agreement that that the particulars given above are correct and complete in all respects.

Signed.....Parent/Guardian.....

Date.....

MEDICAL INFORMATION AND IMPAIRMENTS

*(For full guidance on collecting personal medical information, in relation to compliance with the General Data Protection Regulations, please see the RYA's **Race, Training and Event Management** booklet)*

If you declared that you have a medical condition or physical or mental impairment that the organiser needs to be aware of because it may affect your ability to take part in the Event please provide details below.

SPECIAL CATEGORY DATA

I confirm that I have given the Organiser the medical information listed on this page (if any) for the purposes of my participation in the Event. I understand that this information will only be used for that purpose and will be retained for as long as necessary to comply with the Organiser's legal obligations.

I agree/ I do not agree (Please circle)

SAFEGUARDING AND CHILD PROTECTION REFERRAL FORM

Date and time of incident	
Name and position of person about whom report, complaint or allegation is made	
Name and age of child involved	
Name of club or organisation (if relevant)	
Nature of incident, complaint or allegation (continue on separate page if necessary).	
Action taken by organisation (continue on separate page if necessary)	
If Police or Children's Social Care Services contacted, name, position and telephone number of person handling case	
Name, organisation and position of person completing form	
Contact telephone number and e-mail address	
Signature of person completing form	
Date and time form completed	
Name and position of organisation's child protection/welfare officer or person in charge (if different from above)	
Contact telephone number and e-mail address	

This form should be copied, marked 'Private and Confidential', to the RYA Safeguarding and Equality Manager, Jackie Reid, RYA House, Ensign Way, Hamble, Southampton, SO31 4YA, e-mail safeguarding@rya.org.uk and to the statutory authorities (if they have been informed of the incident) within 48 hours of the incident.

WHAT IS CHILD ABUSE?

(Based on the statutory guidance 'Working Together to Safeguard Children')

Abuse and neglect are forms of maltreatment of a child. Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. Children may be abused in a family or in an institutional or community setting by those known to them or, more rarely, by others (including via the internet). They may be abused by an adult or adults, or another child or children.

Physical abuse may involve adults or other children inflicting physical harm:

- by hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning or suffocating
- giving children alcohol or inappropriate drugs
- in sport situations, physical abuse might also occur when the nature and intensity of training exceeds the capacity of the child's immature and growing body.

Emotional abuse is the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and persistent adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve:

- conveying to a child that they are worthless, unloved or inadequate
- not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or 'making fun' of what they say or how they communicate
- imposing expectations which are beyond the child's age or developmental capability
- overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning or preventing the child from participating in normal social interaction
- allowing a child to see or hear the ill-treatment of another person
- serious bullying (including cyber bullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger
- the exploitation or corruption of children
- emotional abuse in sport might also include situations where parents or coaches subject children to constant criticism, bullying or pressure to perform at a level that the child cannot realistically be expected to achieve.

Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child.

Sexual abuse. Sexual abuse involves an individual (male or female, or another child) forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening, to gratify their own sexual needs. The activities may involve:

- physical contact (eg. kissing, touching, masturbation, rape or oral sex)
- involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images
- encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways or watch sexual activities
- grooming a child in preparation for abuse (including via the internet)
- sport situations which involve physical contact (eg. supporting or guiding children) could potentially create situations where sexual abuse may go unnoticed. Abusive situations may also occur if adults misuse their power over young people.

Neglect is the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. Neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to:

- provide adequate food, clothing and shelter
- protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger
- ensure adequate supervision
- ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment
- respond to a child's basic emotional needs
- neglect in a sport situation might occur if an instructor or coach fails to ensure that children are safe, or exposes them to undue cold or risk of injury.

Child sexual exploitation is a form of child sexual abuse. It occurs where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child or young person under the age of 18 into sexual activity in exchange for something the victim needs and wants (eg. attention, money or material possessions, alcohol or drugs), and/or for the financial advantage or increased status of the perpetrator or facilitator. The victim may have been exploited even if the sexual activity appears consensual. Child sexual exploitation can also occur online without involving physical contact.

Extremism goes beyond terrorism and includes people who target the vulnerable - including the young - by seeking to: sow division between communities on the basis of race, faith or denomination; justify discrimination eg. towards women and girls; persuade others that minorities are inferior; or argue against the primacy of democracy and the rule of law in our society.

Bullying (not included in 'Working Together' but probably more common in a sport situation than some of the other forms of abuse described above)

Bullying (including online bullying, for example via text or social media) may be seen as deliberately hurtful behaviour, usually repeated or sustained over a period of time, where it is difficult for those being bullied to defend themselves. The bully is often another young person. Although anyone can be the target of bullying, victims are typically shy, sensitive and perhaps anxious or insecure. Sometimes they are singled out for physical reasons – being overweight or physically small, being gay or lesbian, having a disability or belonging to a different race, faith or culture.

Bullying can include:

- physical pushing, kicking, hitting, pinching etc
- name calling, sarcasm, spreading rumours, persistent teasing and emotional torment through ridicule, humiliation or the continual ignoring of individuals
- posting of derogatory or abusive comments, videos or images on social network sites
- racial taunts, graffiti, gestures, sectarianism
- sexual comments, suggestions or behaviour
- unwanted physical contact.

The acronym STOP – Several Times On Purpose - can help you to identify bullying behaviour.

Recognising Abuse

It is not always easy, even for the most experienced carers, to spot when a child has been abused. However, some of the more typical symptoms which should trigger your suspicions would include:

- unexplained or suspicious injuries such as bruising, cuts or burns, particularly if situated on a part of the body not normally prone to such injuries
- sexually explicit language or actions
- a sudden change in behaviour (eg. becoming very quiet, withdrawn or displaying sudden outbursts of temper)
- the child describes what appears to be an abusive act involving him/her
- a change observed over a long period of time (eg. the child losing weight or becoming increasingly dirty or unkempt)
- a general distrust and avoidance of adults, especially those with whom a close relationship would be expected
- an unexpected reaction to normal physical contact
- difficulty in making friends or abnormal restrictions on socialising with others.

It is important to note that a child could be displaying some or all of these signs, or behaving in a way which is worrying, without this necessarily meaning that the child is being abused. Similarly, there may not be any signs, but you may just feel that something is wrong. If you have noticed a

change in the child's behaviour, first talk to the parents or carers. It may be that something has happened, such as a bereavement, which has caused the child to be unhappy.

If you are concerned

If there are concerns about sexual abuse or violence in the home, talking to the parents or carers might put the child at greater risk. If you cannot talk to the parents/carers, consult your organisation's designated Welfare/Safeguarding Officer or the person in charge. It is this person's responsibility to make the decision to contact Children's Social Care Services or the Police. It is NOT their responsibility to decide if abuse is taking place, BUT it is their responsibility to act on your concerns.

RYA INSTRUCTOR CODE OF CONDUCT

Revised Feb 2014

RYA Instructor Code of Conduct for RYA Instructors, Coach Assessors, Trainers and Examiners

This document outlines the code of conduct under which all holders of RYA instructor qualifications and RYA training appointments (hereafter referred to as instructors) are required to comply. The code of conduct is intended to make clear to all participants, instructors and RYA appointment holders the high standards to which all are expected to conform. Instructors must:

- If working with people under the age of 18, read and understand the Child Protection Policy as detailed on the RYA website at www.rya.org.uk
- Respect the rights, dignity and worth of every person and treat everyone equally within the context of their sport.
- Place the wellbeing and safety of the student above the development of performance or delivery of training.
- They should follow all guidelines laid down by the RYA with regards specific training or coaching programmes.
- Hold appropriate insurance cover either individually or through the training centre in which they are working.
- Not develop inappropriate working relationships with students (especially children). Relationships must be based on mutual trust and respect and not exert undue influence to obtain personal benefit or reward.
- Encourage and guide students to accept responsibility for their own behaviour and performance.
- Hold relevant up to date governing body qualifications as approved by the RYA.
- Ensure that the activities they direct or advocate are appropriate for the age, maturity, experience and ability of the individual.
- At the outset, clarify with students (and where appropriate their parents) exactly what is expected of them and what they are entitled to expect.
- Always promote the positive aspects of the sport (eg courtesy to other water users).
- Consistently display high standards of behaviour and appearance.
- Not do or neglect to do anything which may bring the RYA into disrepute.
- Act with integrity in all customer and business to business dealings pertaining to RYA training.
- Not teach or purport to provide RYA courses or RYA certification outside of the framework of an RYA recognised training centre
- Notify the RYA immediately of any court imposed sanction that precludes the instructor from contact with specific user groups (for example children and vulnerable adults).
- Not carry out RYA training, examining or coaching activities whilst under the influence of alcohol or drugs.

Failure to adhere to the RYA Instructor Code of Conduct may result in the suspension or withdrawal of RYA qualifications or appointments.

RYA COACH CODE OF ETHICS AND CONDUCT

Revised Dec 2018

sports coaching helps the development of individuals through improving their performance.

This is achieved by:

1. Identifying and meeting the needs of individuals.
2. Improving performance through a progressive programme of safe, guided practice, measured performance and/or competition.
3. Creating an environment in which individuals are motivated to maintain participation and improve performance.

Coaches should comply with the principles of good ethical practice listed below.

1. All RYA Coaches working with sailors under the age of 18 must have read and understood the RYA Child Protection Policy as detailed on the RYA website at www.rya.org.uk/go/safeguarding . If you are unable to access the website please contact coachingdevelopment@rya.org.uk
2. Coaches must respect the rights, dignity and worth of every person and treat everyone equally within the context of their sport.
3. Coaches must place the well-being and safety of the sailor above the development of performance. They should follow all guidelines laid down by the RYA, follow Operating Procedures and hold appropriate insurance cover.
4. Coaches must develop an appropriate working relationship with sailors based on mutual trust and respect. Coaches must not exert undue influence to obtain personal benefit or reward. In particular they must not abuse their position of trust to establish or pursue a sexual relationship with a sailor aged under 18, or an inappropriate relationship with any sailor.
5. Coaches must encourage and guide sailors to accept responsibility for their own behaviour and performance.
6. Coaches must hold up to date and nationally recognised governing body coaching qualifications.
7. Coaches must ensure that the activities they direct or advocate are appropriate for the age, maturity, experience and ability of the individual.
8. Coaches must, at the outset, clarify with sailors (and where appropriate their parents) exactly what is expected of them and what sailors are entitled to expect from their coach. A contract may sometimes be appropriate.
9. Coaches must co-operate fully with other specialists (eg. other coaches, officials, sports scientists, doctors, physiotherapists) in the best interests of the sailor.
10. Coaches must always promote the positive aspects of their sport (eg. fair play) and never condone rule violations or the use of prohibited substances.
11. Coaches must consistently display high standards of behaviour and appearance.
12. Coaches must notify the RYA immediately of any court imposed sanction that precludes the coach from contact with a specific user group (eg. children and vulnerable adults).
13. Coaches must not carry out coaching activities whilst under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or when they have received medical advice not to continue activities that are connected with their coaching (eg. driving).

14. Coaches must not behave in a way which brings the sport into disrepute.

Failure to adhere to the RYA Coach Code of Conduct may result in the suspension or withdrawal of RYA qualifications or appointments and will be dealt with in line with the RYA Coaches' Performance Guidelines. To access these Guidelines please contact coachingdevelopment@rya.org.uk